

HW9 ①  $P \parallel \vec{a} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$  and  $B = (0, 1, 0) \in P \ni (1, 0, 0) = C$   
 are given. So,  $P \parallel \vec{a}, \vec{b}$  where  $\vec{b} = \overrightarrow{BC} = \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle$ .

So,  $(1, 0, 0) \in P \perp \vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \langle 3, 3, -3 \rangle$ . So,  $D \in P \Leftrightarrow \overrightarrow{CD} \perp \vec{a} \times \vec{b}$

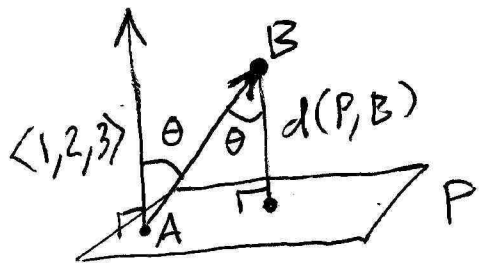
So,  $P = \{(x, y, z) \mid \boxed{3(x-1) + 3y - 3z = 0}\}$   $\overrightarrow{CD} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = 0$ .

(We can optionally simplify to  $x + y = z + 1$ .)

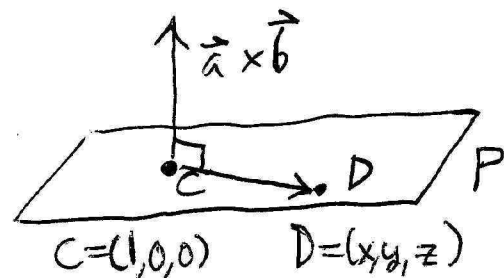
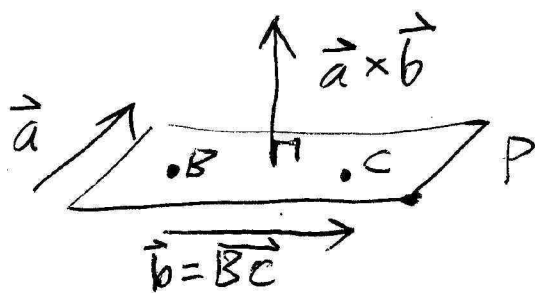
② For  $P$  given by  $x + 2y + 3z = 5$ , we have  $(5, 0, 0) = A \in P$ .

For  $B = (1, 1, 1)$ ,  $d(P, B) = |\overrightarrow{AB}| |\cos \angle(\overrightarrow{AB}, \vec{u})|$  where  $\vec{u} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$

$$d(P, B) = \frac{|\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \vec{u}|}{|\vec{u}|} = \frac{|-4 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 3|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}$$



Picture for ①:



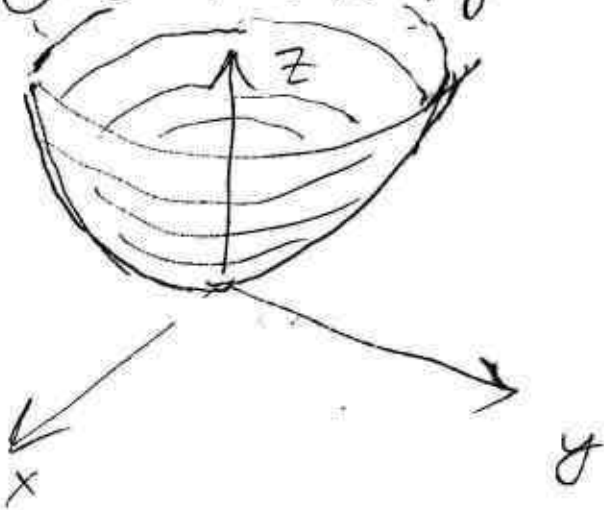
# HW10

- ① ellipsoid
- ② elliptical cylinder
- ③ hyperboloid of one sheet

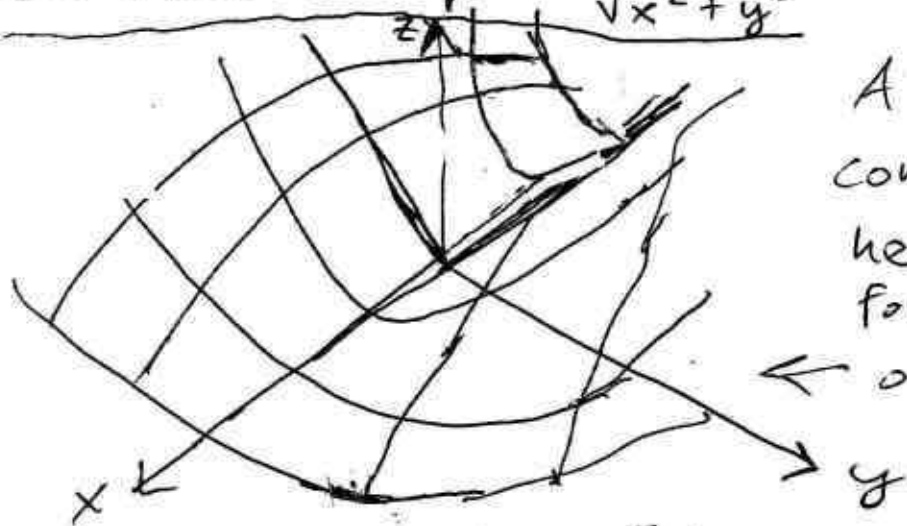
- ④ elliptic paraboloid
- ⑤ hyperboloid of one sheet
- ⑥ elliptic paraboloid

# HW11

①  $z = r^2 = x^2 + y^2$

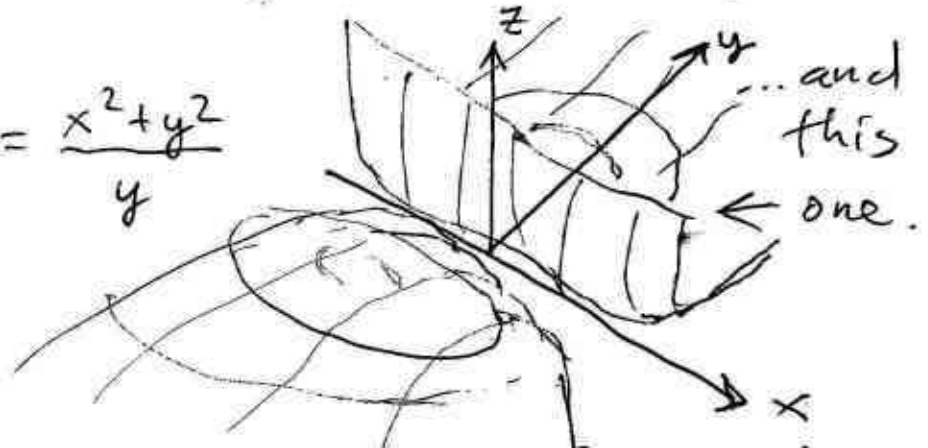


②  $z = r \cos^2 \theta = \frac{x^2}{r} = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$



A computer helped for this one...

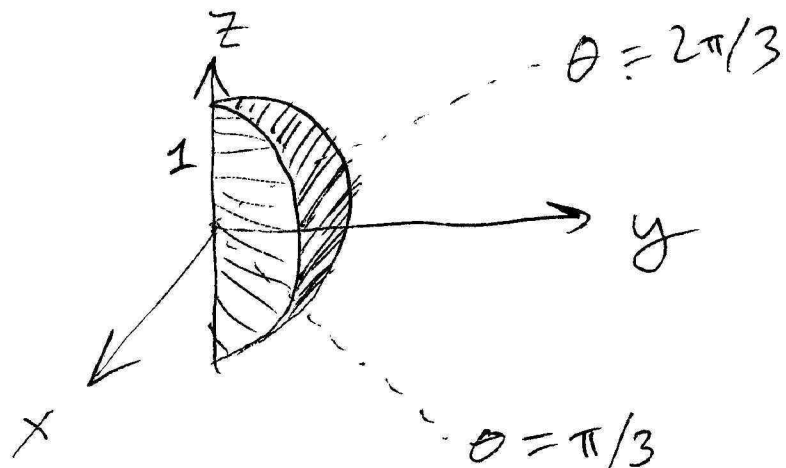
③  $r = z \sin \theta \iff z = \frac{r}{\sin \theta} = \frac{r^2}{y} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{y}$



...and this one.

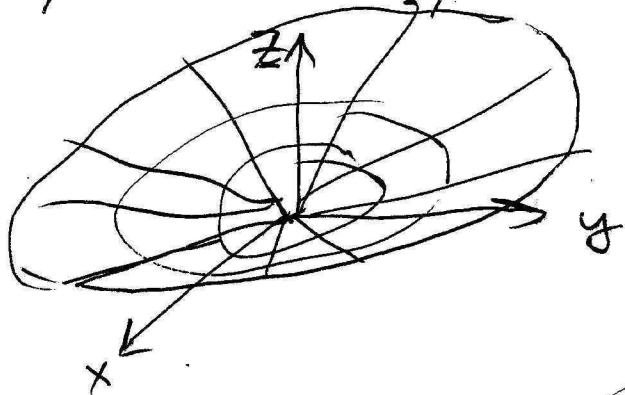
HW12

①

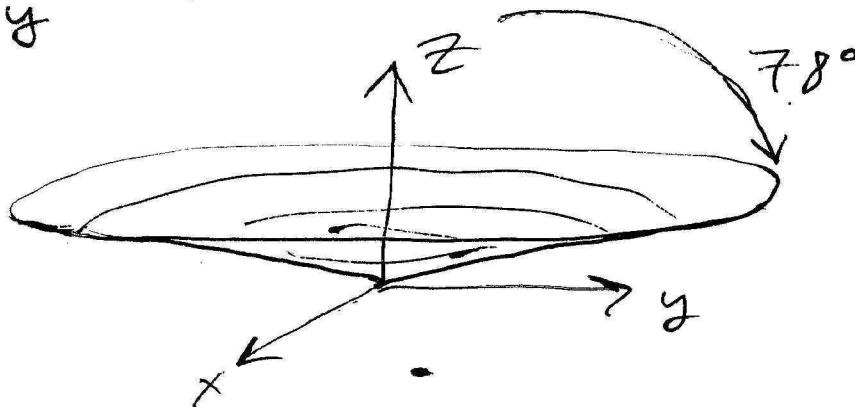


(Like an orange slice.)

②  $\rho = 5z = 5\rho \cos \phi \Leftrightarrow \cos \phi = \frac{1}{5} \Leftrightarrow \phi \approx 78^\circ$



(A very broad cone.)



HW13 ①  $\vec{r} = \langle 1, -2, 3 \rangle (.6) + (.4) \langle 4, 4, 4 \rangle$  at  $t = .4$

$\vec{r} = \langle 1, -2, 3 \rangle (1-t) + t \langle 4, 4, 4 \rangle$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ .

$\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = \langle 1, -2, 3 \rangle (-1) + \langle 4, 4, 4 \rangle = \langle 3, 6, 1 \rangle$ .

$[\vec{r}$  at  $t = .4]$  simplifies to  $\langle 2.2, 0.4, 3.4 \rangle$ .

②  $x = 1 + 5 \cos t$

$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$y = 2$

$z = 4 + 5 \sin t$

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HW14 ①  $\vec{r}' = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle = \langle 1, 1, .75 \rangle$  (at  $t = .5$ )

$\Delta \vec{r} = \langle .503 - .5, .503^2 - .5^2, .503^3 - .5^3 \rangle \approx \langle .003, .00301, .00226 \rangle$

$d\vec{r} = \langle 1, 1, .75 \rangle (.003) = \langle .003, .003, .00225 \rangle$

$|\vec{r}'| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2 + .75^2} \approx 1.601$ ;  $\vec{T} = \vec{r}'/|\vec{r}'| \approx \langle .625, .625, .469 \rangle$

②  $\int_0^1 \sqrt{1^2 + (2t)^2 + (3t^2)^2} dt \approx 1.863$  (use calculator/computer)

HW16 ①  $\vec{v} = \langle -15 \sin(3t), 15 \cos(3t), 1 \rangle \Rightarrow \vec{T} = \vec{v} / \sqrt{15^2 + 1^2}$   
 $\Rightarrow |\vec{T}'| = |\langle -45 \cos(3t), -45 \sin(3t), 0 \rangle| / \sqrt{226} = \frac{45}{\sqrt{226}}$   
 $\Rightarrow \kappa = |\vec{T}'| / |\vec{v}| = \boxed{45/226} \Rightarrow R = \boxed{226/45} \approx 5.02$

②  $\vec{v} = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$ ;  $\vec{a} = \langle 0, 2, 6t \rangle$ . At  $t=1$ :

$$\vec{v} \times \vec{a} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle \times \langle 0, 2, 6 \rangle = \langle 6, -6, 2 \rangle$$

$$\kappa = \frac{|\vec{v} \times \vec{a}|}{|\vec{v}|^3} = \sqrt{\frac{76}{14^3}} \Rightarrow R = \sqrt{\frac{14^3}{76}} \approx 6.01$$

HW17:  $\vec{v} = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$  at  $t=0$ .  $\vec{a} = \langle 0, 2, 0 \rangle$  at  $t=0$ .

$$\vec{a}_{||} = \text{proj}_{\vec{v}} \vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}}{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}} \vec{v} = \vec{0}. \quad \vec{a}_{\perp} = \vec{a} - \vec{a}_{||} = \langle 0, 2, 0 \rangle.$$

$$\kappa = R^{-1} = |\vec{a}_{\perp}| / |\vec{v}|^2 = 2. \quad \vec{T} = \vec{v} / |\vec{v}| = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle = \vec{i}. \quad R = 2^{-1}$$

$$\vec{N} = \vec{a}_{\perp} / |\vec{a}_{\perp}| = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle = \vec{j}. \quad \vec{r} = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle = \vec{0} \text{ at } t=0.$$

$$\vec{r}_{\text{circle}} = \vec{r} + R(\vec{T} \cos \theta + \vec{N}(1 + \sin \theta)) = \boxed{\langle 2^{-1} \cos \theta, 2^{-1} + 2^{-1} \sin \theta, 0 \rangle}$$

HWS 8  $\frac{d|\vec{v}|}{dt} = \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}}{|\vec{v}|}$ .  $\vec{v} = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$ ;  $\vec{a} = \langle 0, 2, 6t \rangle$ .

At  $t = -1$ ,  $\frac{d|\vec{v}|}{dt} = \frac{1 \cdot 0 + -2 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot -6}{\sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{-22}{\sqrt{14}} \approx -5.9$