

① To "rescale" by a factor of 3 in the x-direction & a factor of 4 in the y-direction, in 2D space (\mathbb{C}^2), use $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$: $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$ is transformed to $A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3x \\ 4y \end{bmatrix}$.

Find the matrix B that rescales by a factor of 3 in the \vec{u} -direction and 4 in the \vec{v} -direction, where \vec{u} & \vec{v} are \vec{e}_1 & \vec{e}_2 rotated 30° counterclockwise.

② Suppose that D is a 6×7

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matrix and

$$D \xrightarrow{\text{RREF}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dim(C(D)) = \underline{\quad},$$

$$\dim(N(D)) = \underline{\quad}.$$

$$\dim(R(D)) = \underline{\quad},$$

$$\dim(L(D)) = \underline{\quad}.$$

③ True/False: If E is a square matrix, then $\dim(N(E)) = \dim(L(E))$. If true, explain why. If false, give a counterexample.