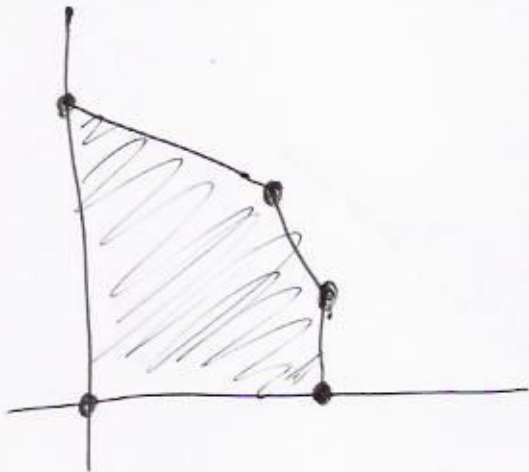


Simplex method (part III)

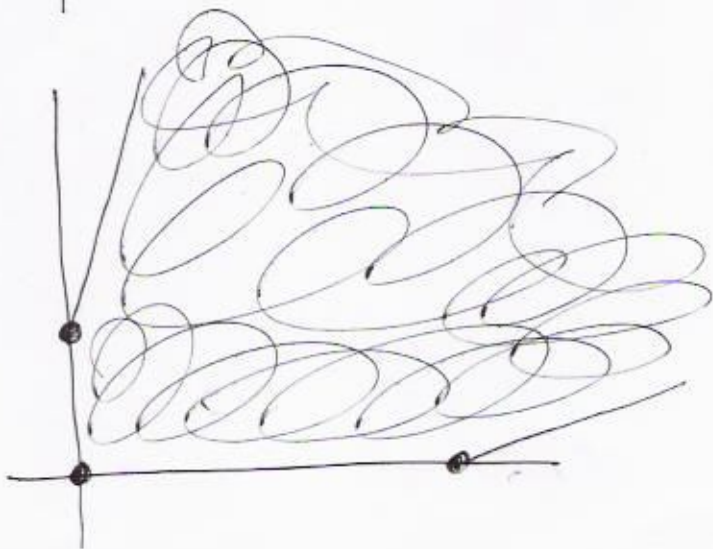
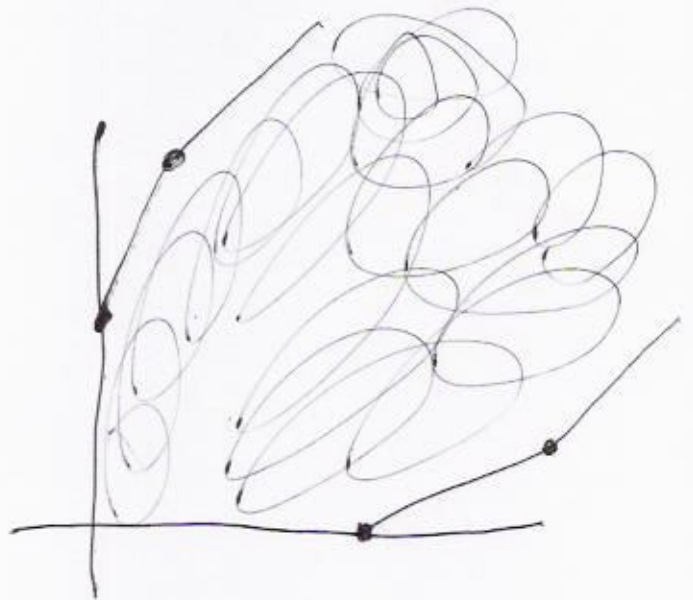
HW due Monday:

(6-2) #1, 2, 3, 4 ← (these are quick)

#15, ~~43~~, 51



In a standard ~~optimization~~ ^{maximization} problem with bounded feasible set, there is a maximum at a corner.



If the Feasible set is unbounded, there might not be a maximum.

Formulas for constraints:

$$2a + 3b + 2c \leq 1000$$

$$a + b + 2c \leq 800$$

$$a, b, c \geq 0$$

Introduce slack variables:

Also: rearrange objective equation

$$2a + 3b + 2c + s_1 = 1000$$

$$a + b + 2c + s_2 = 800$$

$$-7a - 8b - 10c + P = 0$$

$a, b, c, s_1, s_2 \geq 0$

	a	b	c	s_1	s_2	P =	
s_1	2	3	2	1	0	0	1000
s_2	1	1	2	0	1	0	800
P	-7	-8	-10	0	0	1	0

$1000/2 = 500$

$800/2 = 400$

↑
smallest

-10 most negative from
bottom row except last

$R_2 / 2 \rightarrow R_2$:

	a	b	c	s_1	s_2	P =
s_1	2	3	2	1	0	0
s_2	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
P	-7	-8	-10	0	0	1

$$R_1 - 2R_2 \rightarrow R_1; R_3 + 10R_2 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 s_1 \\
 C \\
 P
 \end{array}
 \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
 a & b & c & s_1 & s_2 & P = & \\
 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 200 \\
 1/2 & 1/2 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 400 \\
 -2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 1 & 4000
 \end{array} \right]
 \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{200}{2} = 100 \\
 \frac{400}{1/2} = 800
 \end{array}$$

-3 most negative

$$R_1 / 2 \rightarrow R_1$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 b \\
 C \\
 P
 \end{array}
 \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
 a & b & c & s_1 & s_2 & P = & \\
 1/2 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 0 & 100 \\
 1/2 & 1/2 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 400 \\
 -2 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 1 & 4000
 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1 \rightarrow R_2; R_3 + 3R_1 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 b \\
 C \\
 P
 \end{array}
 \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
 1/2 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 0 & 100 \\
 1/4 & 0 & 1 & -1/4 & 3/4 & 0 & 350 \\
 -1/2 & 0 & 3 & 3/2 & 7/2 & 1 & 4300
 \end{array} \right]
 \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{100}{1/2} = 200 \\
 \frac{350}{1/4} = 1400
 \end{array}$$

-1/2 biggest negative

smallest
↓

$$2R_1 \rightarrow R_1$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \quad b \quad c \quad s_1 \quad s_2 \quad P \quad = \\
 c \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
 \textcircled{1} & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 200 \\
 1/4 & 0 & \textcircled{1} & -1/4 & 3/4 & 0 & 350 \\
 \hline
 -1/2 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & 7/2 & \textcircled{1} & 4300
 \end{array} \right] \\
 P
 \end{array}$$

$$R_2 - \frac{1}{4}R_1 \rightarrow R_2; \quad R_3 + \frac{1}{2}R_1 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \quad b \quad c \quad s_1 \quad s_2 \quad P \\
 a \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
 \textcircled{1} & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 200 \\
 0 & -1/2 & \textcircled{1} & -1/2 & \textcircled{1} & 0 & 300 \\
 \hline
 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & \textcircled{1} & 4400
 \end{array} \right] \\
 c \\
 P
 \end{array}$$

↑ no negatives.

Making 200 of component A &
 300 of component C maximizes
 profit at \$4400.