

Big M method (6-4)

HW  
#18, 19

Reminder: Test Friday Nov. 4

Set-up:

If it's a minimization problem that you can't use dual method for (because of negative coefficients in the objective), then instead of minimizing  $C$ , maximize  $P = -C$ .

For constraints like

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 5,$$

add slack:  $3x_1 + 4x_2 + s_1 = 5.$

For constraints like

$$6x_1 + 7x_2 \geq 8,$$

add surplus & artificial variables:

$$6x_1 + 7x_2 - s_2 + a_2 = 8$$

For constraints like

$$9x_1 + 10x_2 = 11,$$

add an artificial variable:

$$9x_1 + 10x_2 + a_3 = 11$$

Add penalties to the objective function:

Example if trying to maximize

$$7x_1 - x_2,$$

then change the

objective to maximizing

$$P = 7x_1 - x_2 - Ma_2 - Ma_3$$

$$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, a_2, a_3 \geq 0$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + s_1 = 5$$

$$6x_1 + 7x_2 - s_2 + a_2 = 8$$

$$9x_1 + 10x_2 + a_3 = 11$$

$$-7x_1 + x_2 + Ma_2 + Ma_3 + P = 0$$

$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_2$	$a_3$	$P =$	
3	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
6	7	0	-1	1	0	0	8
9	10	0	0	0	1	0	11
-7	1	0	0	M	M	1	0

never negative

Turn into 0s to make artificial variable basic

$$R_4 - MR_2 \rightarrow R_4 ; \text{ then } R_4 - MR_3 \rightarrow R_4$$

$$\text{Equivalently: } R_4 - MR_2 - MR_3 \rightarrow R_4$$

$$\text{New } R_4 = [-7 - 15M, -17M, 0, M, 0, 0, 1, -19M]$$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_2$	$a_3$	$P =$	
$s_1$	3	4	1	0	0	0	5	] $\left. \begin{array}{l} 5/4 \\ 8/7 \\ 11/10 \end{array} \right\}$
$a_2$	6	7	0	-1	1	0	8	
$a_3$	9	10	0	0	0	1	11	
$P$	$-7 - 15M$	$-17M$	0	$M$	0	0	$-19M$	

Now we can use the simplex method as usual.

$$M \text{ big} \Rightarrow -17M < -7 - 15M$$

In general, if  $p < q$  and  $M$  big compared to  $r, t$ , then

$$r + pM < t + qM.$$

$$1 + (-17)M < 7 + (-15)M$$

$$R_3 / 10 \rightarrow R_3$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cccc|c} 3 & 4 & \diamond 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 0 & -1 & \diamond 1 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 9/10 & \boxed{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/10 & 0 & 11/10 \\ \hline -7-15M & 1-17M & 0 & M & 0 & 0 & \diamond 1 & -19M \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 - 4R_3 \rightarrow R_1; \quad R_2 - 7R_3 \rightarrow R_2$$

$$R_4 - (1-17M)R_3 \rightarrow R_4$$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_2$	$a_3$	$P =$
	$\diamond$	$\diamond$	$\diamond$	$\diamond$			

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cc|c} -3/5 & 0 & \diamond 1 & 0 & 0 & -2/5 & 0 & 3/5 \\ -3/10 & 0 & 0 & -1 & \diamond 1 & -7/10 & 0 & 3/10 \\ 9/10 & \diamond 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/10 & 0 & 11/10 \\ \hline \underbrace{-79/10 + (3/10)M}_{\text{positive}} & 0 & 0 & M & 0 & \underbrace{-\frac{1}{10} + \frac{17}{10}M}_{\text{positive}} & \diamond 1 & \underbrace{-11/10 - \frac{3}{10}M}_{\text{negative}} \end{array} \right]$$

(You can plug in, say,  $M=1000$  to cut down on the algebra.)

$$\boxed{-\frac{11}{10} - \frac{3}{10}M}$$

If the simplex finishes but one or more ~~the~~ artificial variables is basic, then there is no solution.

(The feasible set is empty in this case.)